



Success



Altitudetraining

Altitudetraining with norwegian walkers



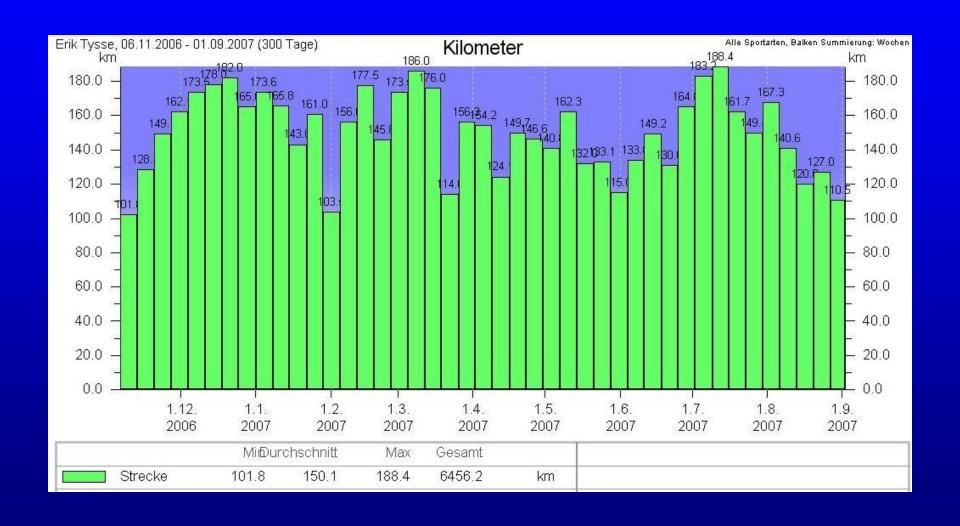
Trond Nymark, Kjersti T. Plätzer, Erik Tysse

| | Olympics | Worlds | Europeans | W-Cup | E-Cup |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Kjersti (20km-PB 1.27. 07) | 2. (2000) 2. (2008) | 4. (2007) | 4. (2006) | 5. (2002) | 3. (2000) |
| Erik (20km-PB 1.19.11) (50km-PB 3.45.08) | sick (2004) 5. (2008) | 8. (2007) 5. (2007) | 7. (2006) | 6. (2008) | 8. (2005) |
| Trond (50km-PB 3.41.30) | 13. (2004) Dnf (2008) | 4. (2005) | 4. (2006) | 2. (2006) | 2. (2007) |

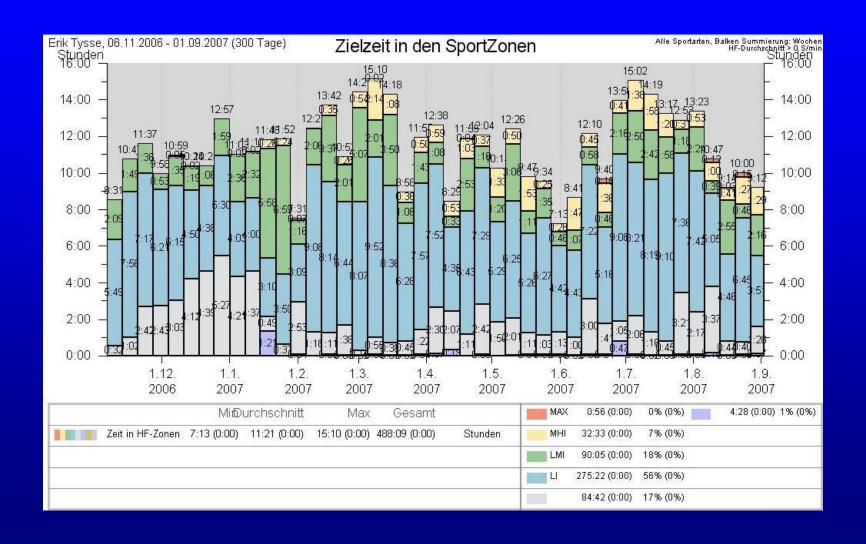
Conditions/thoughts before travel to altitude

- What is the goal with the altitudetraining?
- Altitude as preparation for a competition or as base training
- Many years altitude, individuell planned (?? days after altitude competition?)
- Consistency through the whole season
- Tests/diagnostics
- High base endurance level
- Start of the season with many weeks of lipid/aerobic training (HR and Lactat acid control)
- Aerobic endurance strength (many kilometer in 'hilly' areas)

Kilometer a week -06/07



Times in Zones -2006/07



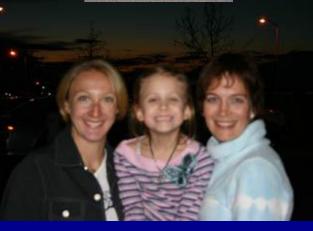
What do the best in the World train?



How do they recover?











Financial aspects

- Choice of training area (optim. training-/sparetime condition
- Which altitude?
- Length of stay?
- Min. 21 days at altitude, better 25-28 days
- How often at altitude?
- Multiple altitude stay per season altitude chain?



Each choice has a consequence!!!

- Many years altitudetraining
 - collect experience
- No risk at altitude
 - "less is often more"
- Training contents/sessions at altitude (what do you want?)
- Individuell training
- Group dynamics (danger for individuell development)
- Coach/athletes, tight care through personal coach (coach follows training)

Training at altitude

- Easy acclimatizing at altitude-3-5 days in WE1level
- Recovery TS <70%-75% of target, or alternative methods
- High share WE1-km in middle speed 80%-85% of target
- Middle (1-3km) and long (4-6km) int. sessions in level 90%-95% of target
- Tight care of personal coach (Coach at TS)
- easy acclimatize in the last days at altitude, 2-4 days of WE1-level
- "Screening" (HR and Lactat acid control)



Training at altitude



- enough recovery
- Fluids during training sessions
- carbohydrat/proteinrich nutrition after training (<20min)
- Physiotherapy/Massage/Osteopathy
- Give new moments in training
- Feel well and have fun!!! ©



Trainingsweek 07/2005 Trond Nymark in Dullstrom/Südafrika

| Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | Sunday |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|----------|---------------|
| 20km W 80%-85% | 10x2km W 90% | 2h Hike <75% | 20km W 80% | 35km W 90% | OFF | 45km W 85% |
| 8km R + 60° Athl. | 16x500m W 95% | OFF | 6km R + 60° Athl. | OFF | OFF | 10km R 80% |

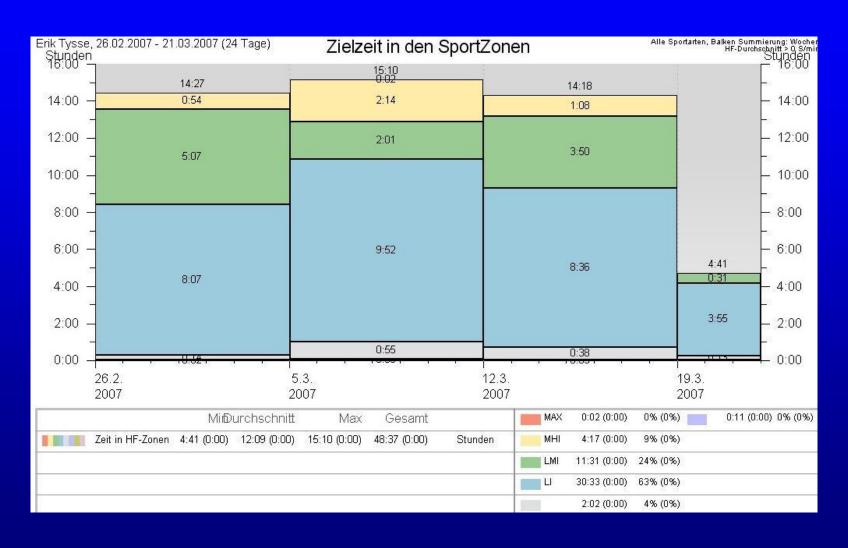
Trainingsweek 25/2006 Kjersti T. Plätzer in St. Moritz/Switzerland

| Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | Sunday |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 15km W 80%-85% | 15km W 80%-85% | 9x1km W 95% | 20km W 80%-85% | 12km W 80%-85% | 4x3km W 92%-95% | 21,5km W 80%-85% |
| 40' Alt. endurance <75% | OFF | 1h Hike <75% | OFF | 40' Alt. endurance <75% | 40' Aquajogg | Frei |

Trainingsweek 10/2007 Erik Tysse in Flagstaff/USA

| Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | Sunday |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 15km W 80%-85% | 6x2,5km W 95% | 21km W 80%-85% | 16km W 80%-85% | 15km W 80%-85% | 14x1km W 95% | 25km W 80%-85% |
| 8km R <80% | 8km jogg <80% | 10km W 80% | OFF | 8km R <80% | 6km jogg <80% | OFF |

Altitude Flagstaff - targettime in zones – 2006/07



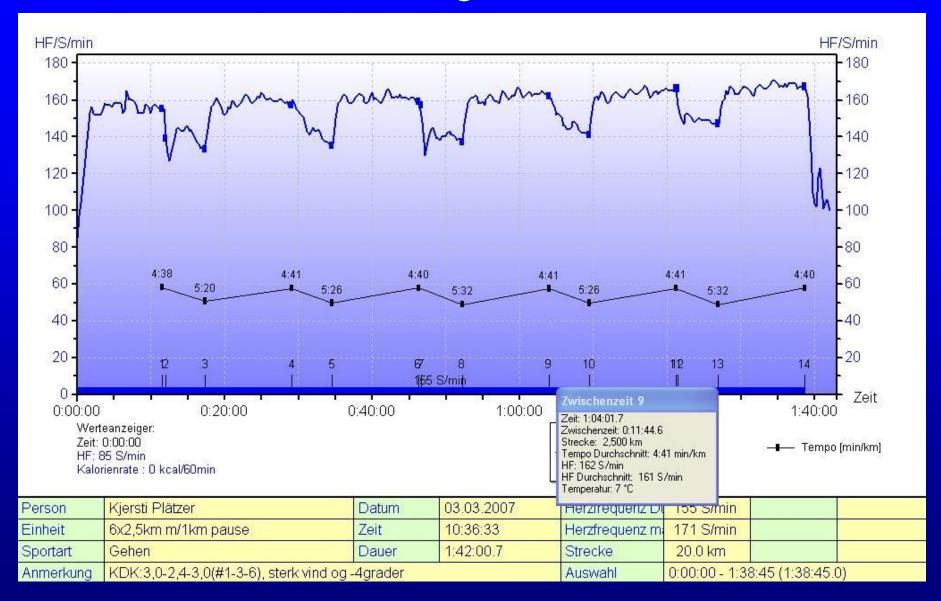
Kjersti 100% = 3,79m/s = 20km (1.28.00)

| | | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
|-----------------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| 95 % | 3,58m/s | 4.39/km | 9.18/2km | 23.15/5km | 46.30/10km | | |
| 90 % | 3,42m/s | 4.52/km | 9.44/2km | 24.20/5km | 48.40/10km | 1.13.00/15km | 1.37.20/20km |
| 85 % | 3,22m/s | 5.11/km | 10.22/2km | 25.55/5km | 51.50/10km | 1.17.45/15km | 1.43.40/20km |
| 80 % | 3,03m/s | 5.30/km | 11.00/2km | 27.30/5km | 55.00/10km | 1.22.30/15km | 1.50.00/20km |
| 75 % | 2,85m/s | 5.51/km | 11.42/2km | 29.15/5km | 58.30/10km | 1.27.45/15km | 1.57.00/20km |
| | | | | | | | |
| 3,58 m/s | 95 % | = | 1km= | 4:39 | | | |
| 3,42 m/s | 90 % | | 10km= | 48:40 | | | |
| 3,22m/s-3,58m/s | 85 % | = | 1km= | 5:11 | | | |
| 3,03m/s-3,42m/s | 80 % | = | 10km= | 55:00 | | | |
| 2,85m/s-3,03m/s | 75 % | = | 10km= | 58:30 | | | |

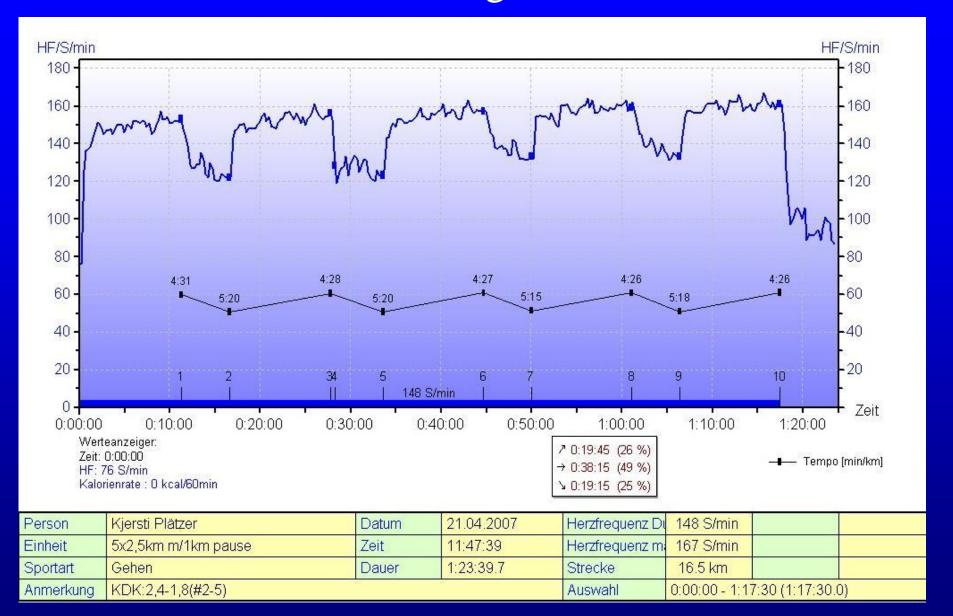
| Njersti Tysse Platzer |
|------------------------|
| Aerobe Schwelle (vL2): |
| HF bei vL2: |
| Anaerobe Schwelle (vL4 |
| HF bei vL4: |

| 22.1.2000 3,53m/s | 4.43/km | 22.2.2000 3,6m/s 163 | 4.38/km | 10.01.2004 3,61m/s 162 | 4.37/km | 17.02.2007 3,7m/s 149 | 4.29/km |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|---------|
| 3,80m/s | 4.23/km | 3,85m/s ca.180 | 4.20/km | 3,81m/s 174 | 4.22,5/km | 3,92m/s ca.165 | 4.15/km |

TE in Flagstaff/USA



TS after Flagstaff/USA



Comparison of workouts



85

155 / 171

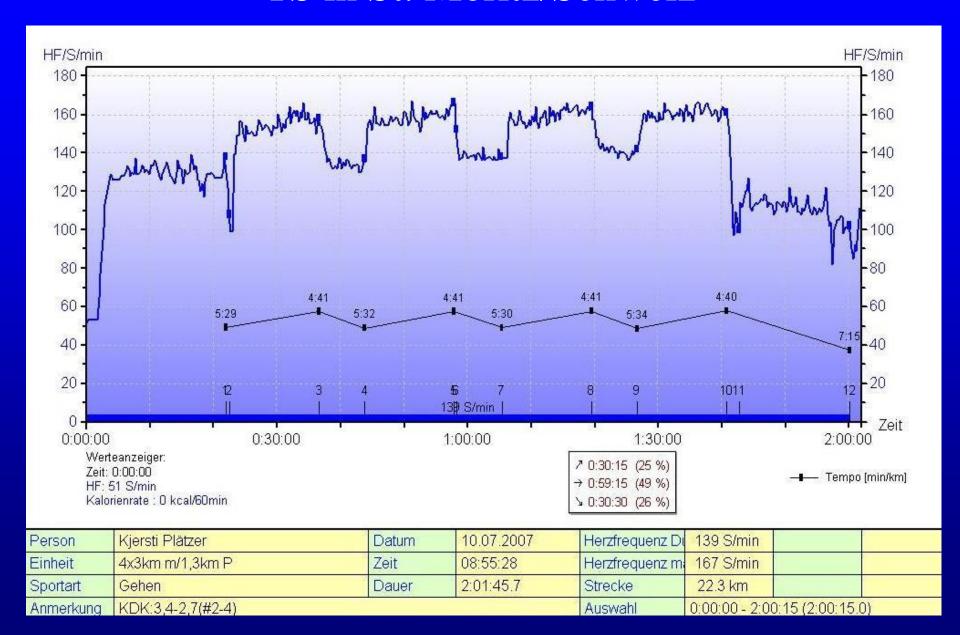
1:42:00.7

KDK:3,0-2,4-3,0(#1-3-6), sterk vind og

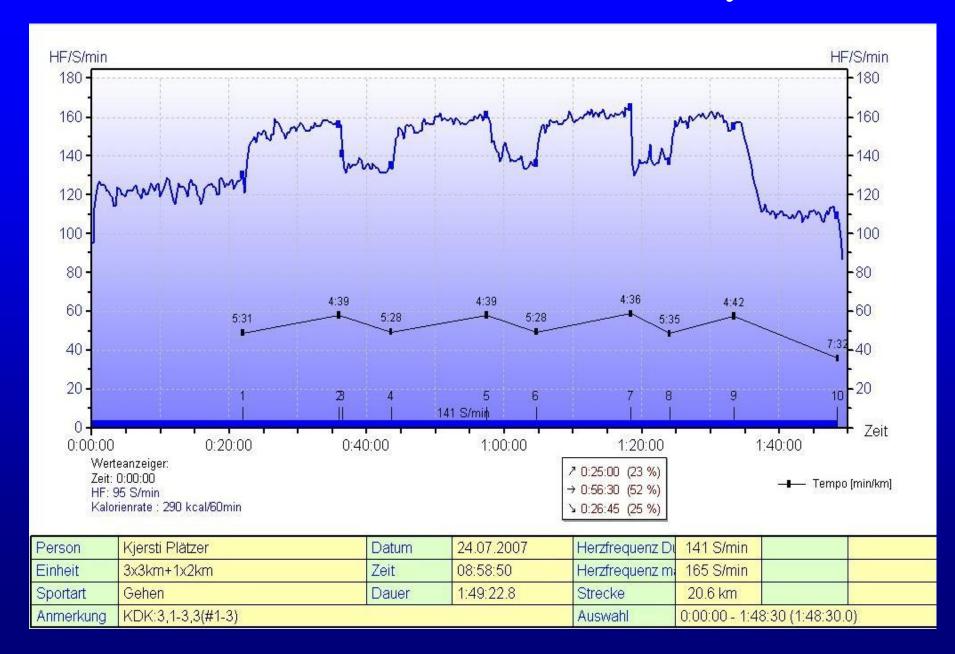
03.03.2007

6x2,5km m/1km pause

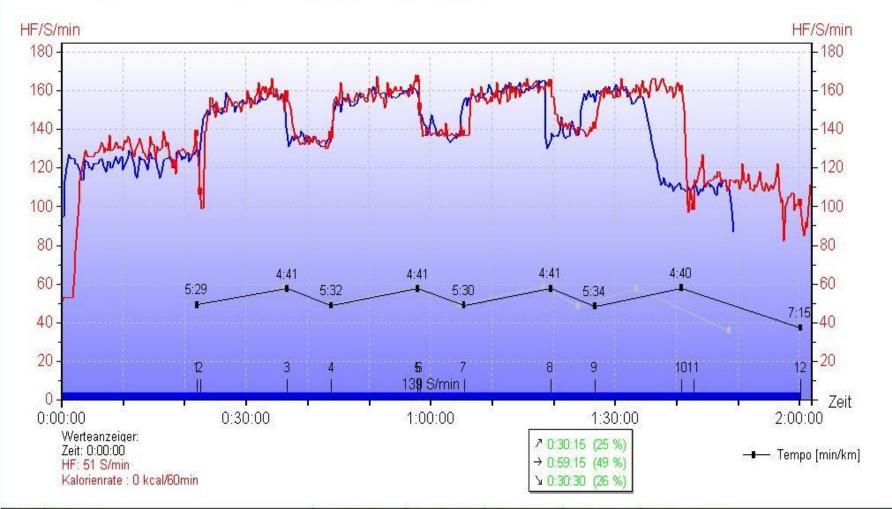
TS in St. Moritz/Schweiz



TS in St. Moritz/Switzerland - 14 days later



Comparison of workouts



| Nein | Einheit | Datum | Cursor HF | Herzfrequenz | Dauer | Anmerkung |
|------|-----------------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-------------------|
| 1. — | 3x3km+1x2km | 24.07.2007 | 95 | 141 / 165 | 1:49:22.8 | KDK:3,1-3,3(#1-3) |
| 2.= | 4x3km m/1,3km P | 10.07.2007 | 51 | 139 / 167 | 2:01:45.7 | KDK:3,4-2,7(#2-4) |

Psychological aspects determine the physis – especially challenging on longterm altitude training camps



- Motivation as mental drive
 - rested to altitude training camps no stress
 - just healthy (not sick/injured) athletes to altitude
 - make sure to give new "moments" (sightseeing)

Doubts

- threat on the way to success/result
- Brain goes into defense status "rubberband"

The mental "Surplus"



- gives
 - happyness
 - correct thoughts
 - drive



- the results are
 - good physical, mental and technical results



Sydney 2000 Beijing 2008



Altitudetraining